



# NASA's Measurement Activities

## Radar, Optical, Laboratory Measurement Activities

**Inter-Agency Space Debris Coordination Committee**



IADC Working Group 1  
*April 16-19, 2024*



# Radar Measurements Status

Haystack Ultrawideband Satellite Imaging Radar (HUSIR)



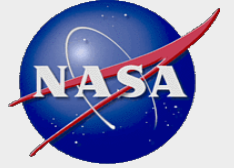
Credit: Reprinted with permission Courtesy of MIT Lincoln Laboratory,  
Lexington, Massachusetts

Goldstone Orbital Debris Radar



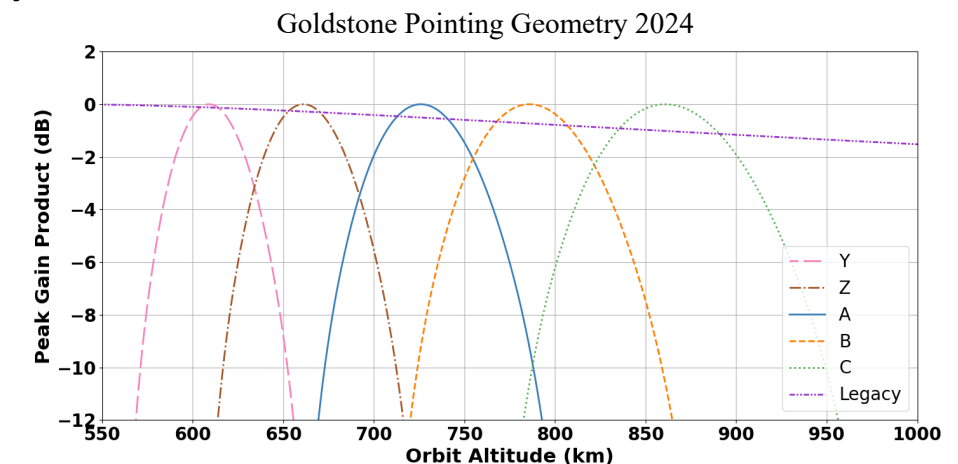
Credit: NASA/JPL-Caltech

Alyssa Manis, Ph.D.  
NASA Orbital Debris Program Office  
Radar and Optical Measurements Lead  
[alyssa.p.manis@nasa.gov](mailto:alyssa.p.manis@nasa.gov)



# HUSIR/Goldstone Status

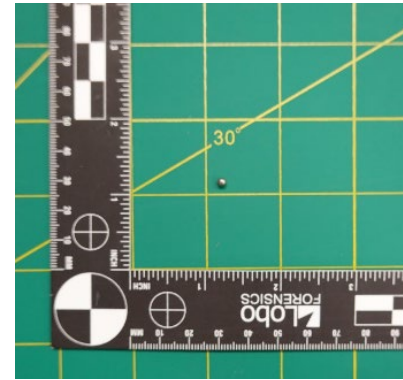
- **HUSIR hours of orbital debris (OD) data collected: ~407 in 2023, 70 in 2024 as of end of February**
  - HUSIR average transmitter power ~220 kW, sensitivity ~60 dB in 2023
  - Approximately 2/3 of data at 75° elevation, 90° azimuth (75E)
  - Approximately 1/3 split between 20° and 10° elevation, 180° azimuth (20S, 10S)
- **Goldstone Radar OD hours collected: ~302 in 2023, 48 in 2024 as of February**
  - Nearly 3 times as many hours collected in 2023 as in previous years, same planned for 2024
  - Goldstone average transmitter power ~360 kW in 2023, currently ~390 kW
  - Observation plan updated to five separate pointings to cover ~580 km – 975 km altitude
    - Previously used four different pointings to cover 660 km – 1100 km
      - Minimum completeness size of 2.2 mm at 1000 km altitude
  - New sawtooth waveform in development
  - Investigating capability for MEO observations



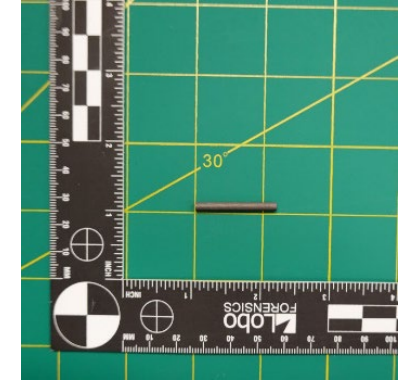


# Other Radar Measurements

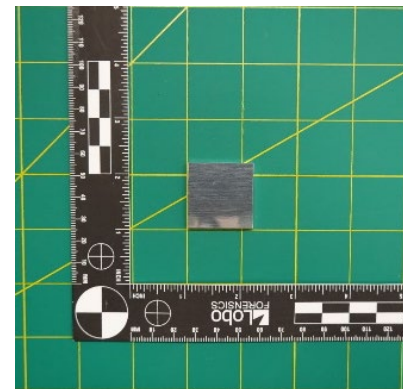
- **Laboratory Measurements**
  - Campaign to measure RCS of representative DebrisSat fragments in radar range for updating the NASA Standard Satellite Breakup Model
  - Measurements of 16 calibration objects completed in the Ohio State University's ElectroScience Laboratory compact range
    - Represent sizes, materials, and shapes expected to be present in the subset of DebrisSat fragments that will be chosen for future measurements
      - Sphere, plate, rod → Stainless steel, aluminum, CFRP, copper



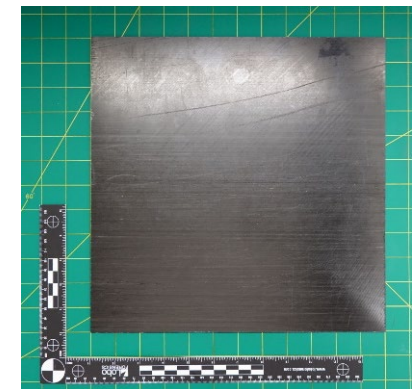
3 mm polished SS sphere



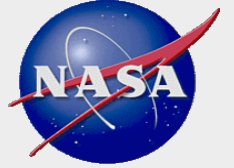
3 cm CFRP rod



3 cm polished Al square plate



30.48 cm unidirectional CFRP plate



# Radar Measurements Publications

- **Publications**

- An Overview of Ground-based Radar and Optical Measurements Utilized by the NASA Orbital Debris Program Office (IOC II)
  - <https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/orbitaldebris2023/pdf/6045.pdf>
- Radar Measurements of Orbital Debris from the Haystack Ultra-wideband Satellite Imaging Radar (HUSIR): 2020-2021 (IOC II)
  - <https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/orbitaldebris2023/pdf/6020.pdf>
- Optimizing Altitude Sampling and Sensitivity with the Goldstone Orbital Debris Radar
  - <https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/orbitaldebris2023/pdf/6011.pdf>
- HUSIR Radar Measurements of the Orbital Debris Environment: 2022, October 2023
  - <https://orbitaldebris.jsc.nasa.gov/quarterly-news/pdfs/ODQNV27i4.pdf>
- Goldstone Radar Measurements of the Orbital Debris Environment: 2022, February 2024
  - <https://orbitaldebris.jsc.nasa.gov/quarterly-news/pdfs/ODQNV28i1.pdf>





# ES-MCAT Status

Credit: NASA

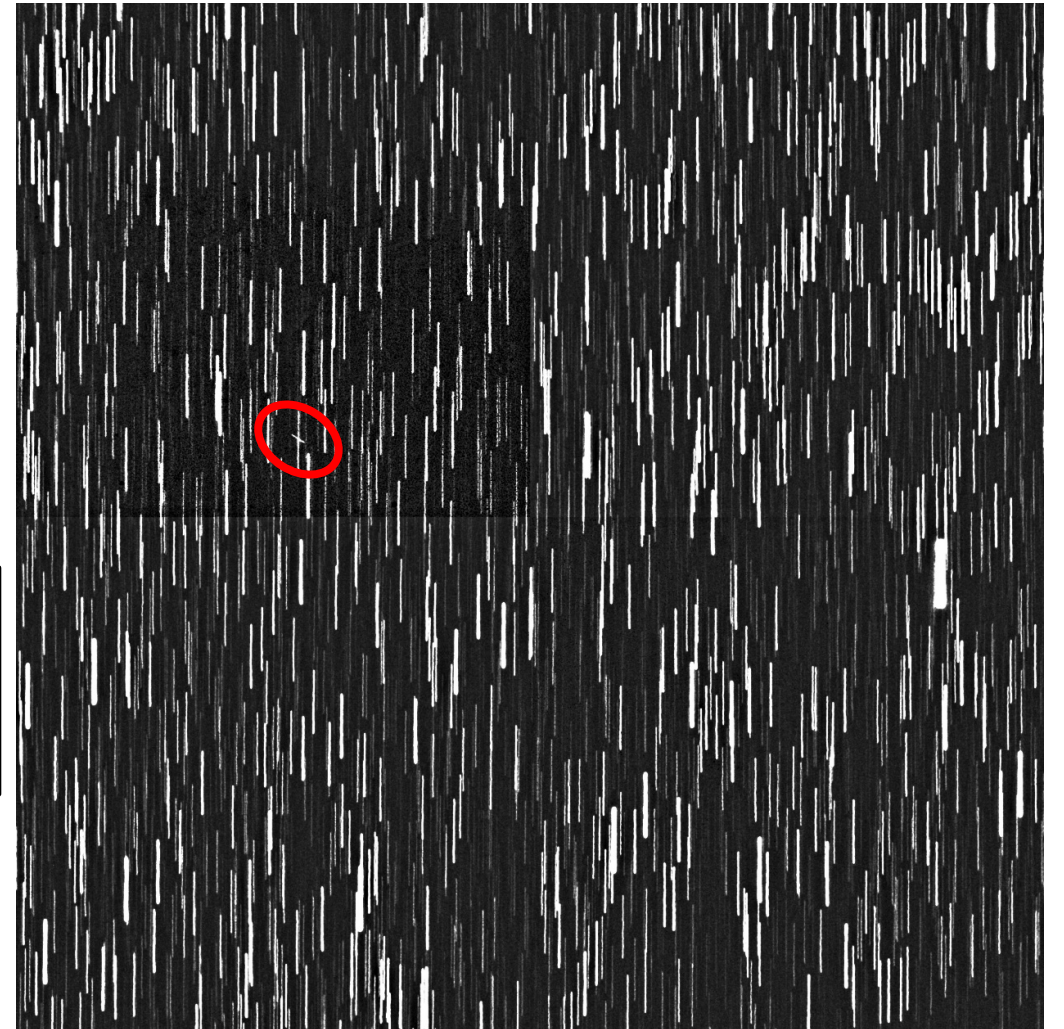


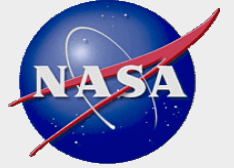
Credit: Ben Hanna

*Eugene Stansbery-Meter Class  
Autonomous Telescope*

(7° 58' S; 14° 24' W) ~350' Elevation

Alyssa Manis, Ph.D.  
NASA Orbital Debris Program Office  
Radar and Optical Measurements Lead  
[alyssa.p.manis@nasa.gov](mailto:alyssa.p.manis@nasa.gov)





# ES-MCAT Status

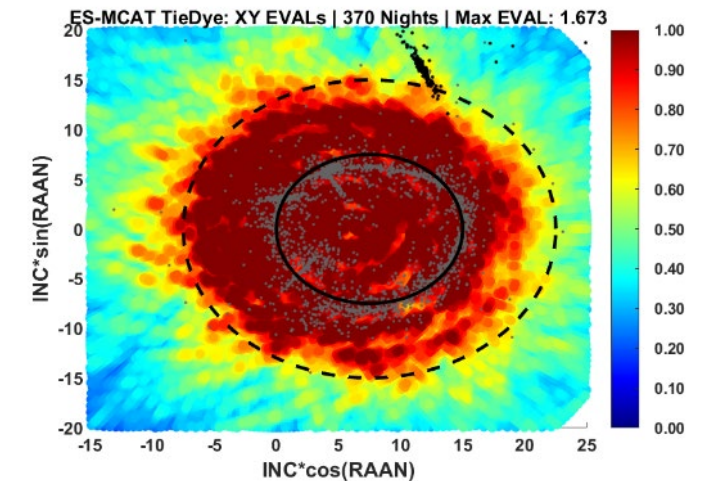
- **Second GEO survey began in January 2023**

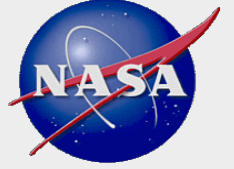
- Planned to continue until January 2025
- Significant downtime in 2023 due to necessary facility repairs

- **Publications**

- An Overview of Ground-based Radar and Optical Measurements Utilized by the NASA Orbital Debris Program Office (IOC II)
  - <https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/orbitaldebris2023/pdf/6045.pdf>
- The Completion of a Geosynchronous Earth Orbit Survey with the Eugene Stansbery-Meter Class Autonomous Telescope (IOC II)
  - <https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/orbitaldebris2023/pdf/6153.pdf>

Planned 2023-2025 survey coverage (avg weather)

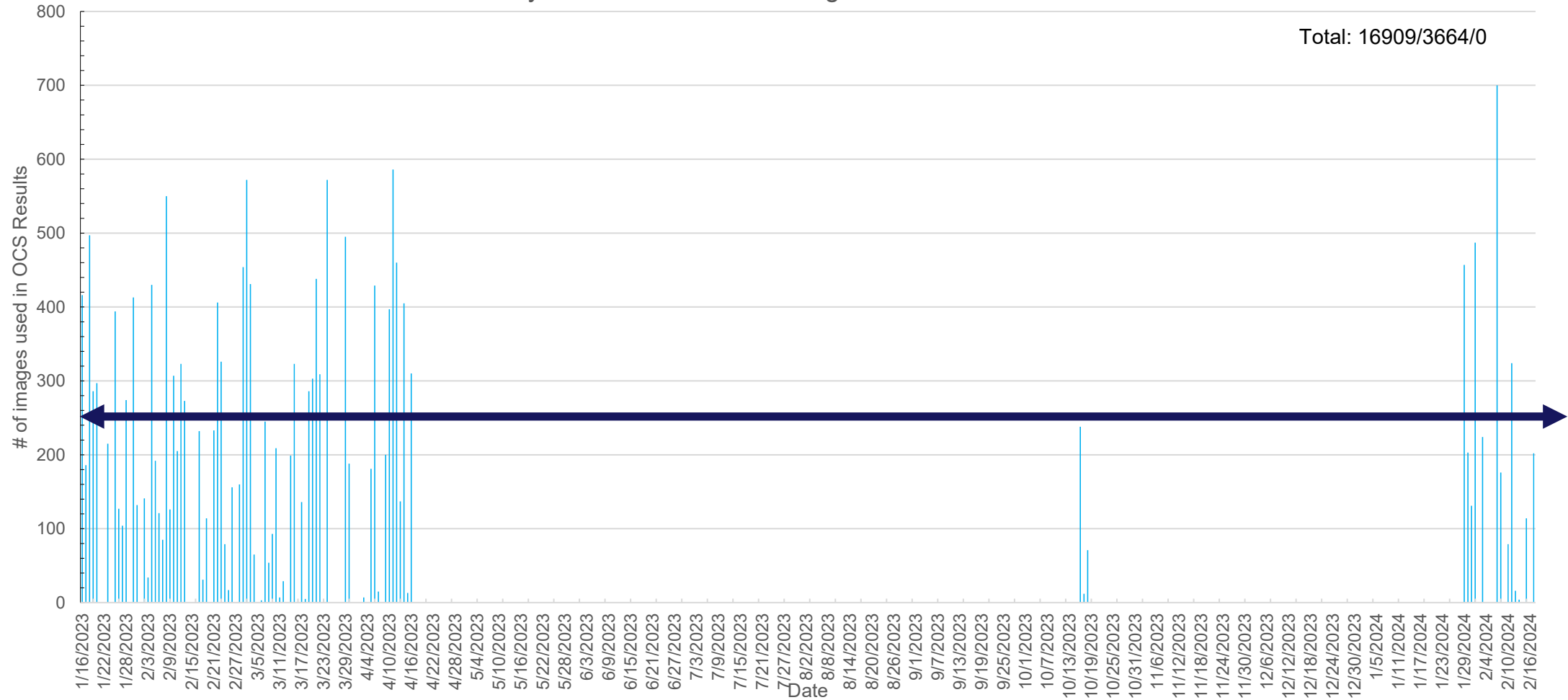




# UpTime of GEO Survey:

## 16 January 2023 – 20 February 2024

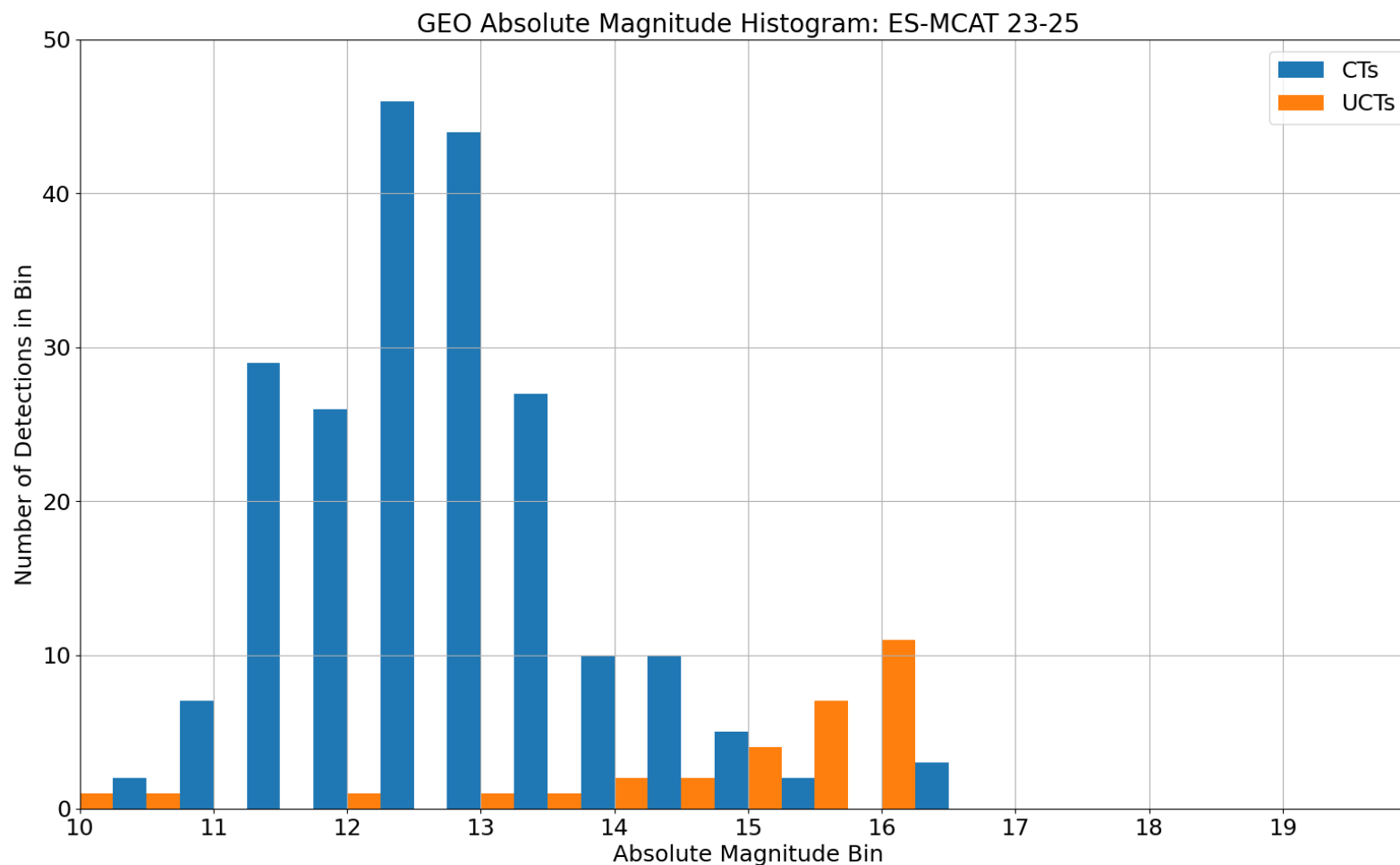
GEO Survey 2023-5: Number of Images Taken on a Given Date







# Magnitude Distributions



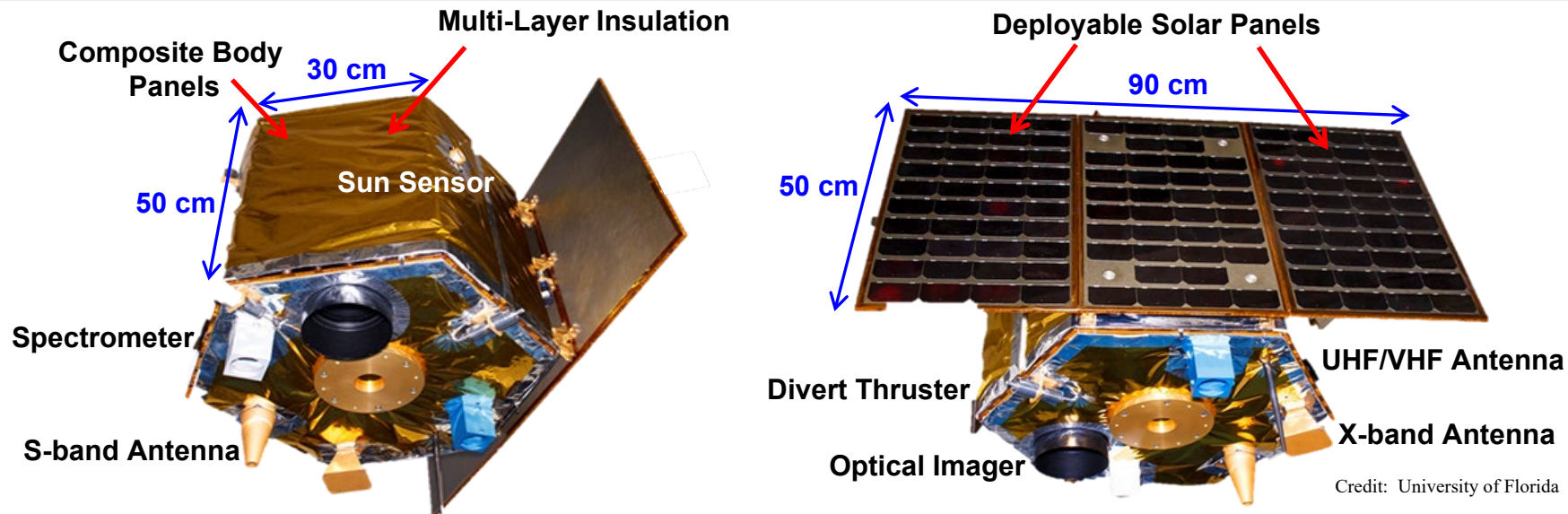
\*Detections as of 16 April 2023



Credit: University of Florida



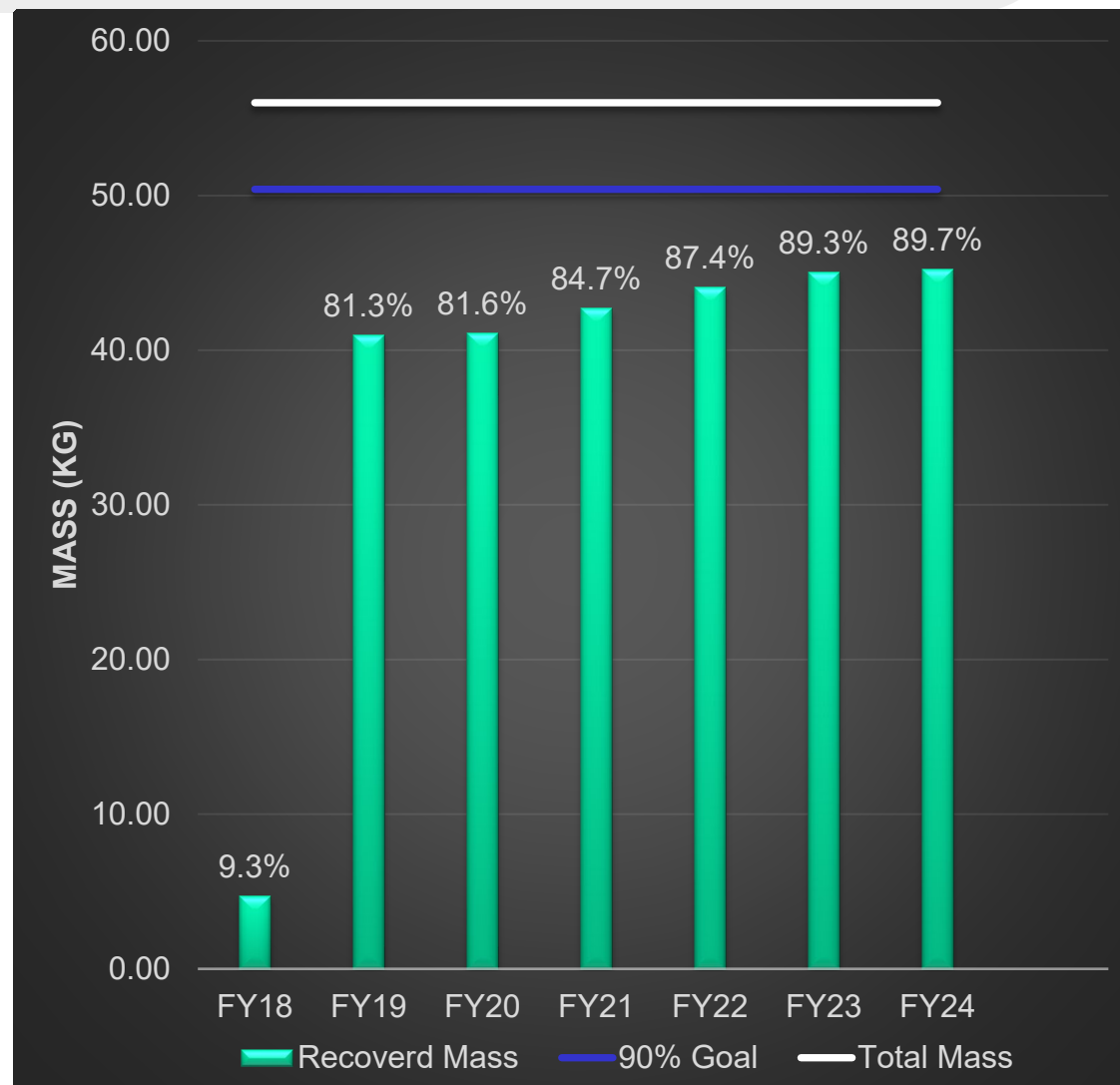
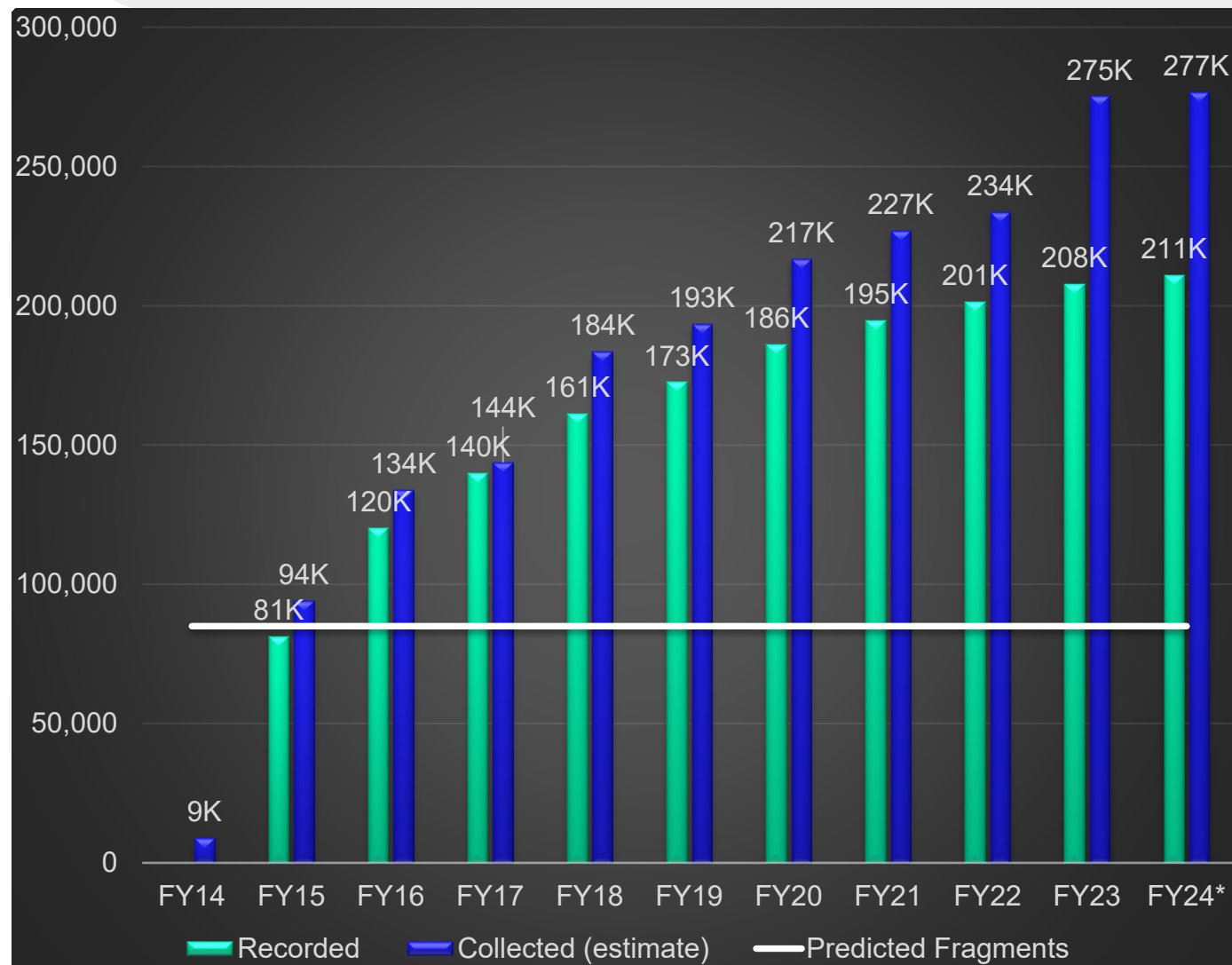
# DebrisSat Project Status



Heather Cowardin, Ph.D.  
NASA Orbital Debris Program Office  
Orbital Debris and Hypervelocity Integration Portfolio Scientist  
Laboratory and In Situ Measurements Lead  
[Heather.Cowardin@nasa.gov](mailto:Heather.Cowardin@nasa.gov)

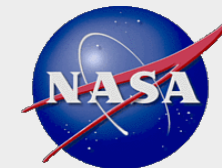


# Metrics

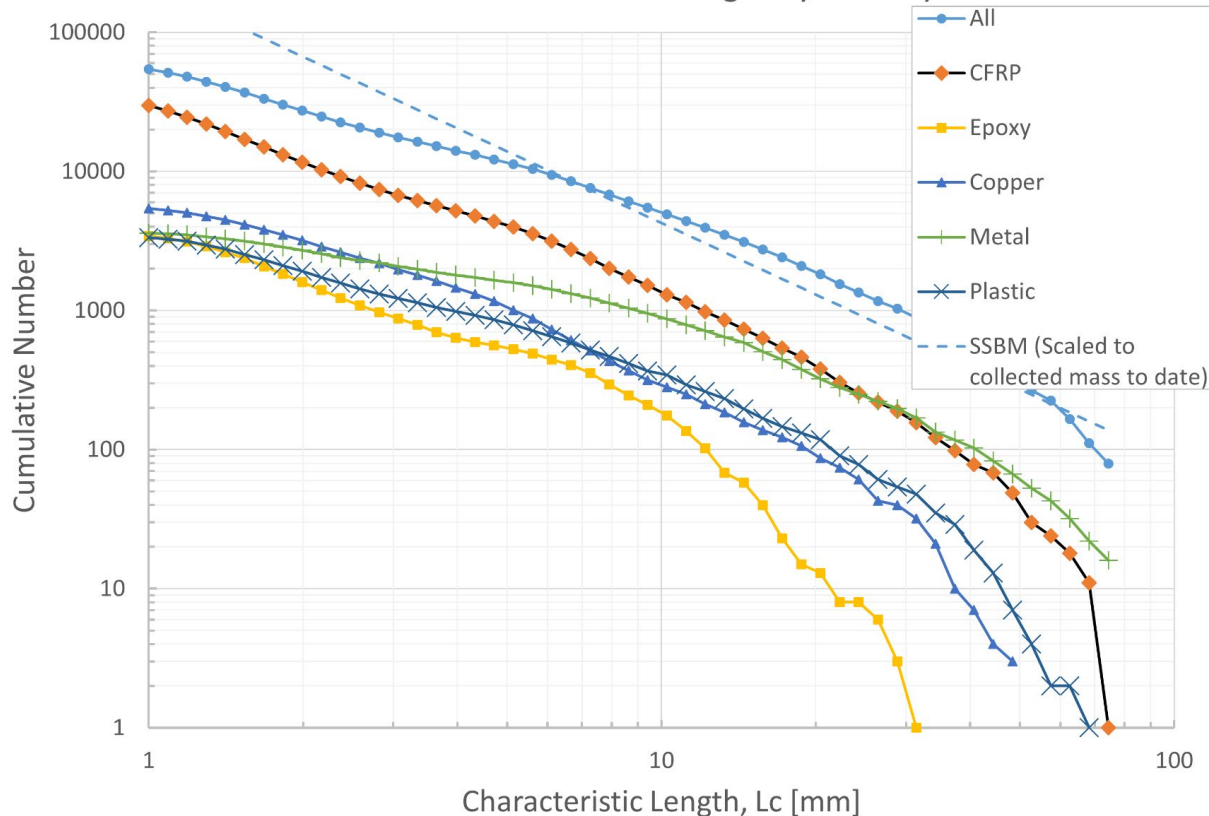


# Cumulative Number vs $L_c$ (Materials and Shape)

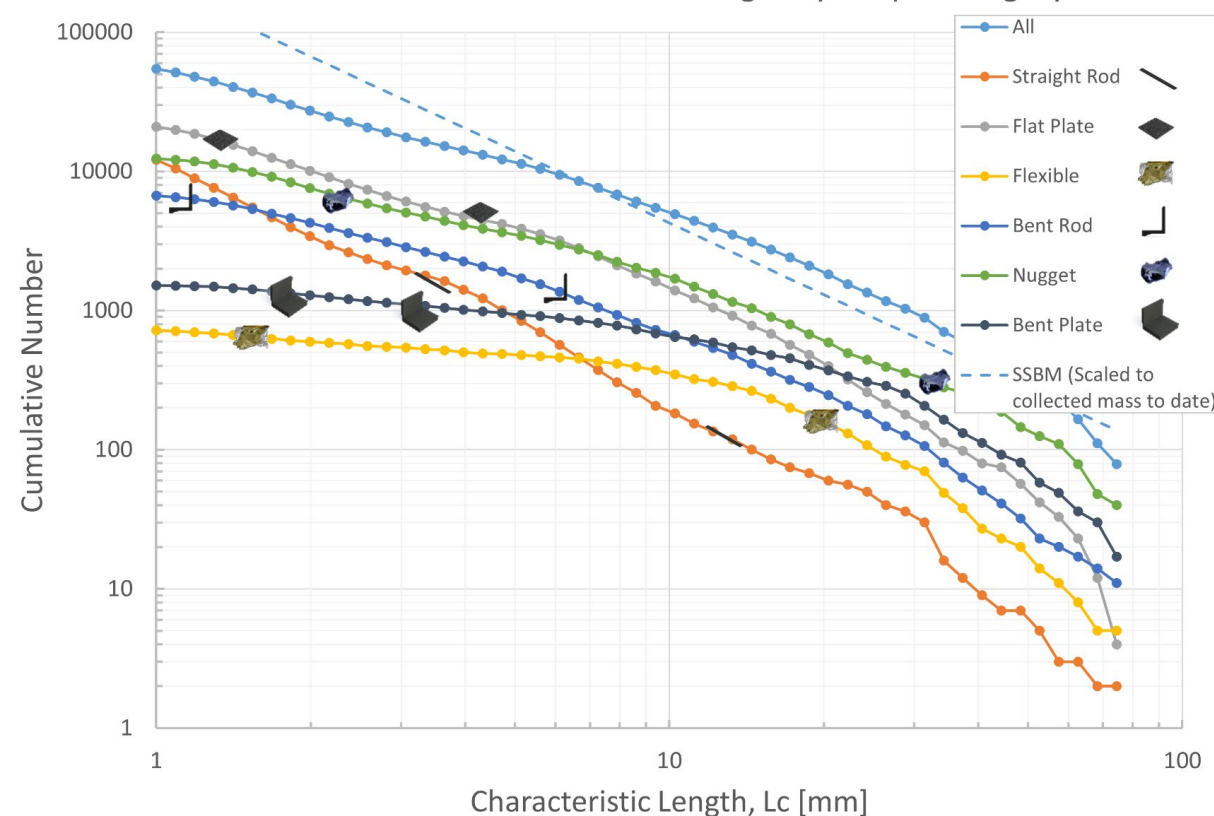
Current as of 01 November 2023



Cumulative Number V. Characteristic Length by Primary Material



Cumulative Number V. Characteristic Length by Shape Category



- Focus on larger fragments and verification
- $> 30$  mm fragments dominated by metal category; CFRP dominates small population
- Plates dominate shape category for smaller fragments, transition to nuggets  $\sim 7$  mm
- Majority of all needle-like fragments are CFRP

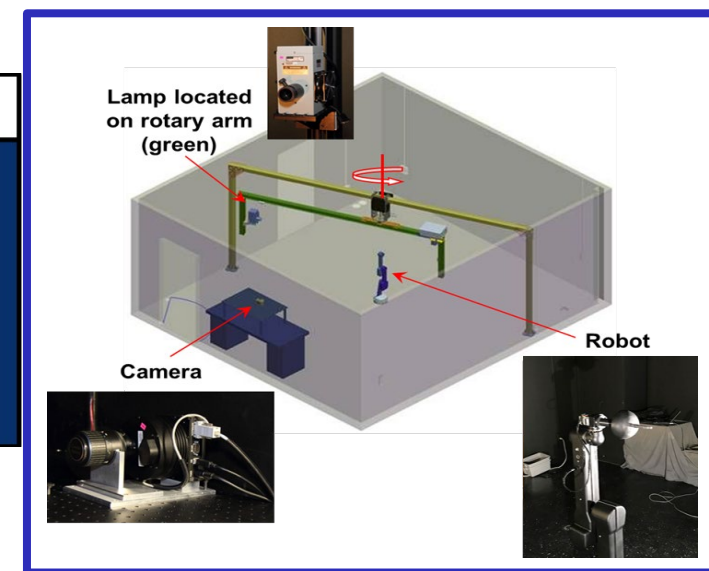
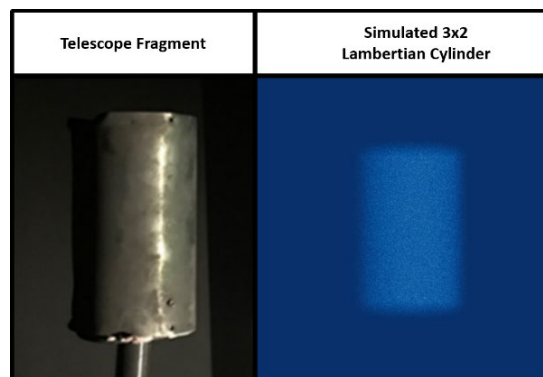
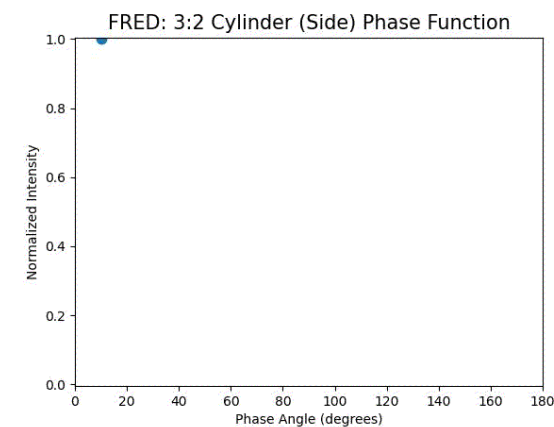
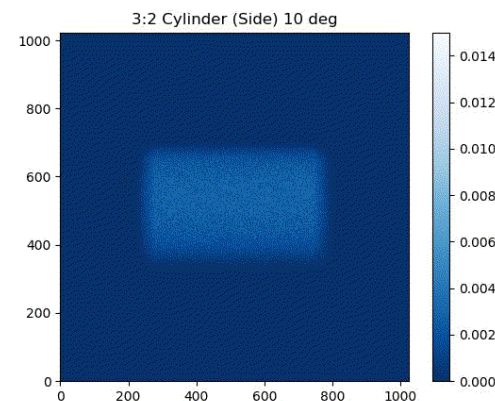
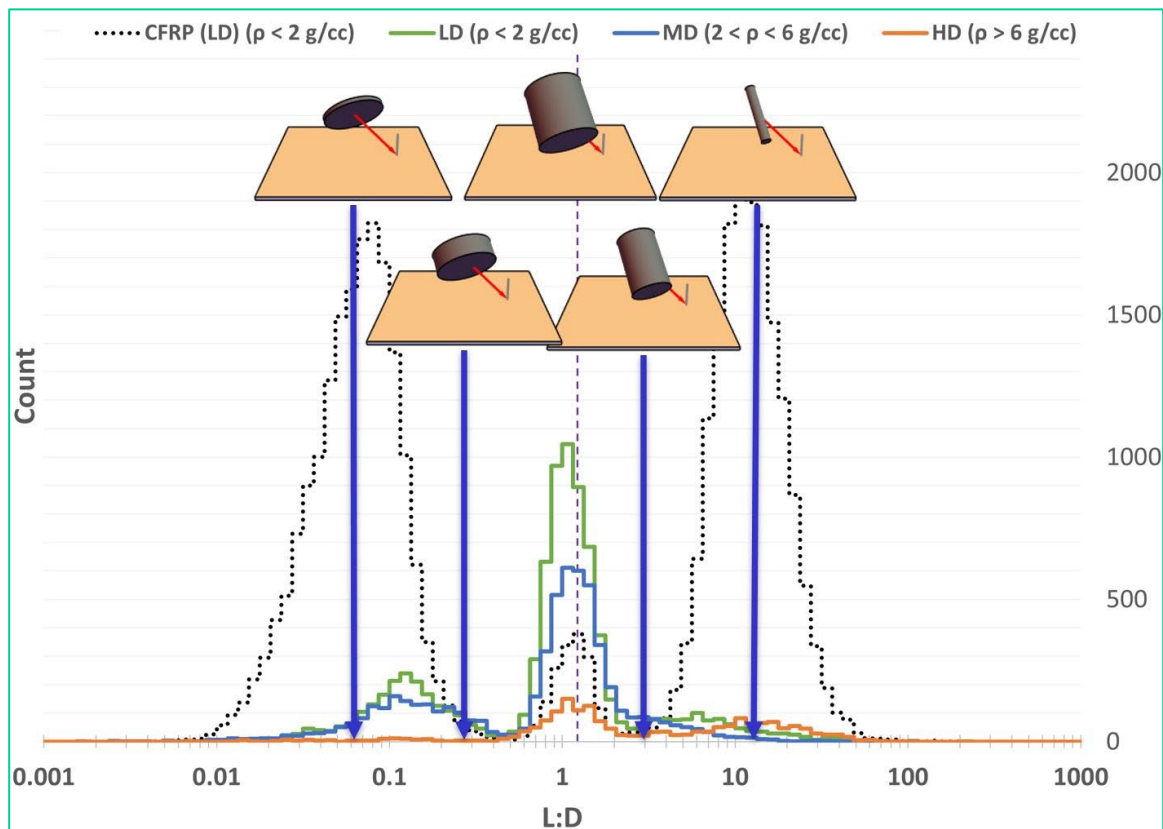


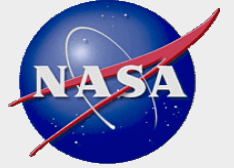


# Shape Applications within Optical Measurement Center

## Right-Circular Cylinder (RCC) Approximations

- 6 complex shapes now fit into 3 simplistic shapes
- Simplifies, using Length-to-Diameter ratios
- Able to physically test in hypervelocity impact tests
- Fits experimental impact tests' distributions well





# Recent DebrisSat Publications

- **IOC II** (*more available on website: <https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/orbitaldebris2023/>*)
  - “Highlights of NASA’s Orbital Debris Program Office In Situ and Laboratory Measurements”
    - <https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/orbitaldebris2023/pdf/6101.pdf>
  - “An Approach to Shape Parameterization Using Laboratory Hypervelocity Impact Experiments”
    - <https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/orbitaldebris2023/pdf/6145.pdf>
  - “Using Machine Learning to Infer Material Properties of Debris Fragments from X-ray Images in the DebrisSat Project”
    - <https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/orbitaldebris2023/pdf/6154.pdf>
- **AMOS 2023**
  - “Orbital Debris Shape Effect Investigations for Mitigating Risk”
    - <https://amostech.com/TechnicalPapers/2023/Space-Debris/Cowardin.pdf>
- **International Journal of Impact Engineering**
  - “Updates on the DebrisSat Hypervelocity Experiment and Characterization of Fragments in Support of Environmental Models”
    - <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijimpeng.2023.104669>